

Nixon Cabinet Goes To Work

WASHINGTON, (UPI) - President Nixon put his cabinet to work today.

Mr. Nixon lost little time after an 8 a.m. (EST) swearing in ceremony at the White House to sit down for a conference with 11 of his 12 top advisers. The only absentee at the ceremony was Interior Secretary Designate Walter Hickel, whose nomination still is under debate in the Senate.

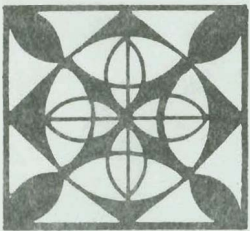
After Chief Justice Earl Warren swore in the cabinet members, Mr. Nixon noted the time and dubbed the group "a working cabinet."

At one point the Chief Executive instinctively raised his own right hand as though to take the oath, too, then caught himself and lowered it.

Also sworn in were Robert Mayo as director of the Budget Bureau and Charles Yost, U.S. ambassador to the United Nations. The President said Mayo and Yost would be members of the cabinet "in every way except officially."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1969

NEWS



BULLETIN

FOR THE PEOPLE OF AMERICAN SAMOA. PAGO PAGO.

1968 Rainfall: 165 Inches

Tutuila's rainfall measurement for 1968 was 165.42 inches, according to figures released today by the Maintenance and Operations Division. That would be about 100 inches below the average for the past four years of 265.40 inches.

Manager Jim Lee said that at the moment the water system is in good supply due to recent and continuing rains. But he said the water table still is low and it will take several months of heavy rains before it builds back up to normal. He said it is difficult to tell if the springs have been reactivated because the continuing rains create a run-off and it is hard to tell where the water is coming from.

The driest month of 1968 was June when only 2.87 inches were measured at the Upper Faga'alu Reservoir where all of the measurements for the past four years were made. The wettest month for four-year period was February with a measurement of 40.20 inches.

During the past four years the heaviest rainfall came in April, 1967, when 49.88 inches were recorded. The total for 1965 was 279.10; for 1966, 284.52 and for 1967, 332.57.

The complete four-year table appears today on Page 2.

LEGISLATIVE GROUPS TO MEET

Committee will meet at 9 a.m. Friday in the Senate Chamber.

The legislature continues to handle committee work in preparation of the February session. The House Rules Committee will meet at 9 a.m. tomorrow in the House Chamber. The Joint Construction Investigation

THEATRE GROUP SLATES AUDITIONS

The Island Community Theatre will hold the first tryouts for the casting of "Light Up The Sky" at 7:30 p.m. today in Lee Auditorium. Additional auditions will be held at 4:30 p.m. tomorrow and Friday.

"Light Up The Sky" is a Moss Hart comedy and the third Island Community Theatre production of the 1968-69 season. Four female and nine male parts are to be filled.

SWIMMERS GRADUATE

A graduation of swimmers and a Boy Scout water skill demonstration will be held at Faga'itua Beach at 10 a.m. Saturday. Governor Owen S. Aspinall will present awards to the graduates.

HICKEL DEBATE
CONTINUING

WASHINGTON, (UPI) - Republicans and Democrats kept up a steady drum fire of defense and criticism of Walter Hickel's appointment as Interior secretary today.

Republican Senator Gordon Allott charged opposition to Hickel was politically inspired. He claimed conservation groups had launched an intensive lobbying effort against the former Alaska governor, citing in particular the Sierra Club.

Democratic Senator William Proxmire charged Hickel had "extraordinarily close ties with oil and gas interests."

He said he does not believe Hickel could stand up to the "enormous pressures" he claimed such interests apply to a secretary of the Interior.

RAINFALL READINGS TAKEN AT FAGA'ALU RESERVOIR (UPPER RESERVOIR)
ELEVATION 820'

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>MONTH</u>	<u>READING</u>	<u>YEAR</u>	<u>MONTH</u>	<u>READING</u>
1965	January	28.70"	1966	January	32.24"
"	February	27.97"	"	February	15.55"
"	March	17.76"	"	March	11.92"
"	April	36.14"	"	April	24.74"
"	May	33.67"	"	May	29.32"
"	June	29.58"	"	June	17.11"
"	July	7.48"	"	July	16.56"
"	August	13.28"	"	August	24.57"
"	September	15.78"	"	September	20.61"
"	October	49.66"	"	October	30.20"
"	November	2.78"	"	November	16.12"
"	December	16.30"	"	December	45.58"
		279.10"			284.52"
1967	January	19.42"	1968	January	9.23"
"	February	23.99"	"	February	40.20"
"	March	13.61"	"	March	9.45"
"	April	49.88"	"	April	17.42"
"	May	29.49"	"	May	9.89"
"	June	45.98"	"	June	2.87"
"	July	30.31"	"	July	5.42"
"	August	25.23"	"	August	7.29"
"	September	7.39"	"	September	20.62"
"	October	24.36"	"	October	34.27"
"	November	37.55"	"	November	4.42"
"	December	25.36"	"	December	4.26"
		332.57"			165.42"

SCORES LISTED

Recent basketball results: In the Men's Division, Papaloa, 44, Coconut Point No. 2, 25. Pago Eagles 50, Mauga-O-Alii No. 2, 25, with Peti Mata'u of Pago Eagles high pointer.

In the Women's Division, Blue Birds, 18, Peace Corps 18 but disqualified. Pago G. B. No. 2, 25, Immigration, 17. Mo'o Misa of Pago G. B. No. 2 was high scorer.

In the Men's Division, Attorney General, 36, Manuia, 9 with Renhart the high scorer. In the Women's Division, Pago G. B. No. 1, 29, Untouchables, 16, with Mele Meafatu of Pago G. B. No 1 high pointer.

TAX FORM DEADLINE

IS JANUARY 31

371 for 1968. The deadline is January 31.

The announcement said that if it becomes necessary to correct a Form 371 after it has been given an employee, a corrected statement must be issued the employee. Corrected statements must be clearly marked "Corrected by Employer." In case a Tax Statement is lost or destroyed, a substitute copy marked "Reissued by Employer" should be furnished the employee.

GAS EXAM

SET TOMORROW

A competitive examination for employment with the Government of American Samoa will be given tomorrow at 2 p.m. in Room 4, Building D, Samoana High School for the following:

Solagaliua Tafua, Nu'uuli; Lapataume Tafua, Nu'uuli; Lydia Lenta, Iliili; Iulieta Manu, Pago Pago; Utulei Vakatau, Utulei; Fa'amalele Faiese, Utumea; Faitiiti Vaouli, Alofa; Pusaloa Fui, Pago Pago; Falaniko Ifopo, Pago Pago; Sam Paleafei, Lauili'i; Lemasio Male, Fagatogo; Iulia Pula, Fagasa; Nofova Saufua, Amouli; Uputaua Galea'i, Nu'uuli and Felisita Katina.

SIRHAN'SIRHAN'S
JURY COMPLETED

LOS ANGELES (UPI) - A prospective jury of six men and six women has been seated for the trial of Sirhan Sirhan on a charge he killed Senator Robert Kennedy. Further questioning of at least one of the tentative jurors is expected today. In New Orleans, two jurors were sworn in during the first day of jury selection in the trial of retired Businessman Clay Shaw, who is charged with conspiring to assassinate President John Kennedy. And in Memphis, chief Defense Attorney Percy Foreman met with his client, James Earl Ray, to work on their defense against a charge of murder filed in the killing of civil rights Leader Martin Luther King.

THIRD CZECH YOUTH SETS SELF ABLAZE

PRAGUE, (UPI) - The Czech government said today a third youth has set himself afire.

An Interior Ministry statement quoted by Prague radio said a young man attempted suicide by fire in a square in the city of Brno shortly after last midnight. Such acts recently have triggered new demands for liberal reforms and brought denunciations from Moscow.

The first student to burn himself was Jan Palach, 21, who set himself afire in Prague last Thursday. He died Sunday. The latest was Miroslav Malinka, 22, a locksmith, who was later reported in good condition in a hospital. A brewery worker who set fire to his clothing Monday is still in critical condition in Pilsen.

The Soviet news agency Tass called Palach's act "an anti-socialist provocation."

SAIGON LEADER
LOW RATES TALKS

PARIS, (UPI) - South Viet Nam's prime minister said in Saigon today he doesn't believe the Paris peace talks will succeed. His comment came on the heels of an announcement that allied and Communist negotiators in the French capital have agreed to begin full-scale negotiations Saturday.

But the prime minister, Tran Van Huong, said, "The Communists are always self-righteous and will try to drag the conference out at length." Asked if he believes the talks will be successful, he replied, "No, not at all."

RED SAMPAN
FLEET BATTERED

SAIGON, (UPI) - A U.S. patrol boat manned by six sailors staged a daring attack on a fleet of 125 Communist sampans off South Viet Nam's northern coast.

The America vessel sank 45 of the vessels, killed at least 10 Communist and captured 24 others. All this was accomplished with just five machine guns. No U.S. casualties were reported.

In another development, military spokesmen disclosed the loss of three U.S. Air Force F-100 Supersabre jets yesterday and Monday. One of the pilots was killed but the other two parachuted to safety.

THE LIGHTS ARE BACK ON

WASHINGTON, (UPI) - Washington observers said today the most visible evidence of the change in administrations is that the lights are back on in the North Portico and East Lobby of the White House. Since the Nixon inauguration, they have been brightly lit at night for the first time since former President Johnson issued the "lights out" edict as an economy measure early in his administration.

KENNEDY URGES
AID FOR BIAFRA

WASHINGTON, (UPI) - Senator Edward Kennedy today urged President Nixon to pay immediate attention to the turmoil and starvation in Biafra.

Kennedy told the Senate the nation's posture is a "bankruptcy of American foreign policy." Senator Robert Byrd proposed that the U.S. supply advice and materials for another airfield to handle shipments to Biafra.

RED PAPER URGES MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT

MOSCOW, (UPI) - A Soviet newspaper hinted today that a quick political solution to the Middle East crisis would benefit the Arab states. The Communist party newspaper "Pravda" admitted that Egypt is experiencing "certain failure" in the economic field.

The newspaper said: "Peaceful conditions are necessary for the country to move forward.

Diplomatic observers in Moscow say the commentary gives evidence of growing Soviet uneasiness about economic losses of the Cairo regime.

BUCHER SAYS MACHINE
GUN USE 'SENSELESS'

SAN DIEGO, (UPI) - Commander Lloyd Bucher will tell the Navy court of inquiry sitting in Coronado, California, today just how the U.S. Spy Ship "Pueblo" was captured by North Korea on January 23, 1968.

Bucher yesterday told the five-admiral court that he thought it "senseless" to try to man two machineguns when his vessel was approached by four Communist torpedo boats, two warships and with two MIG jets circling overhead.

Bucher said messages for assistance were sent out while his vessel was being taken, with no help arriving. Rear Amiral Frank Johnson, at that time commander of U.S. Naval Forces, Japan, is expected to follow Bucher to the witness stand today. He probably will be asked why there was no aerial or other response to Bucher's appeals for a period of three or four hours.

SPORTS NEWS (UPI)THE SPICE OF THE DAY'S SPORTS MENU
(By UPI)

Baseball people have come up with some figures to show that the sport is growing in popularity. The conclusion is based on a comparison of the increase in population and attendance at ball parks.

The latest census figures show that the population of the United States has jumped 166 per cent since the turn of the century. That same 68 year period, attendance at ball parks jumped 550 per cent.

In 1900, the population of the U.S. was 76 million and the baseball turnout in 1901 was 3.6 million. The estimated population in 1968 was 200-million. Of this figure, some 23-million attended major league games.

Baseball men claim that this increase in attendance is manifesting itself most among teen-agers. They say more and more youngsters are turning out each season to watch their favorite teams.

* * *

Navy's new football coach, Rick Forzano, probably wishes he could revise the Middies' 1969 schedule. In their opening game next fall, the Middies face the strongest team in the east, Penn State's Orange Bowl champs. The Nittany Lions finished the 1968 season with a 11-0 record including a 15-14 bowl victory over Kansas.

* * *

New Jersey's Frank Depaula is heading for the biggest date of his boxing career tonight at Madison Square Garden in New York.

Depaula meets Bob Foster and Foster's light-heavyweight title is at stake. Depaula rates as the underdog and he's giving away about seven inches in height to the six-foot, three and one-half inch Foster. But he isn't worried.

Says Depaula: "Maybe I'll have a little problem with his height and reach. But I've fought big guys before and wound up knocking them out."

Depaula, a stocky 28-year-old, has had 13 knockouts among the 18 opponents he's beaten in 27 fights. And there's no question he hits hard. Some people have called him the hardest hitter since Rocky Graziano.

The New Jersey boxer did lose a 10-round decision to Dick Tiger last October. But Tiger was on the floor twice and was properly impressed. He told Depaula that nobody ever hit him harder in his life, including Foster, who put Tiger away in four rounds.

T E N N I S

America's Billie Jean King advanced today in the Australian Open Tennis Tournament at Brisbane. She edged Karen Krantzcke of Australia 11-9, 7-5. Rosemary Casals of San Francisco was beaten by Margaret Smith Court 6-4, 6-1. Butch Buchholz of St. Louis downed Marty Riessen 1-6, 4-6, 7-5, 6-1, 6-4. Pancho Gonzalez of Los Angeles was upset by Australia's Bill Bowkey 6-3, 6-0, 11-9.

P R O B A S K E T B A L L

Five games are scheduled in the National Basketball Association tonight. Los Angeles is at Detroit New York at Philadelphia, Seattle at Baltimore, Boston at Chicago and Atlanta at Phoenix. Earl Monroe scored 32 points to lead eastern leader Baltimore to a 116-93 victory over the Chicago Bulls last night. Jerry West scored 44 points as Los Angeles drubbed Milwaukee, 122-105 and the New York Knicks beat Seattle, 113-106.

The Minnesota Pipers whipped the New York Nets, 113-104 in the only game in the American Basketball Association last night.

CHANNEL 2TV FOR TONIGHTCHANNEL 4

7:00 Friendly Giant "Pictures Are Funny"
7:14 Talofa Tamaiti
7:54 Misterogers' Neighborhood
8:00 News In English
8:10 What's New "And Now Miguel II"
8:41 Bonanza: "Walter & The Outlaws"

7:00 Friendly Giant "Pictures Are
Funny"
7:14 Talofa Tamaiti
7:24 Misterogers' Neighborhood
7:53 News In Samoan
8:14 Wells Fargo: "The Daltons"
8:40 NET International Magazine

THURSDAY'S TIDE: Lo, 0509. Hi, 1157. Lo, 1751. Hi, 0015.

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS WAS DELIVERED ON LOW KEY

(By United Press International)

If there is anything which keynoted President Nixon's inaugural address, it was these words:

"We cannot learn from one another until we stop shouting at one another."

It was the start of Nixon's campaign as President to soften anger in America.

The greatest applause from the assemblage in Capitol Plaza came when the President, his voice almost plaintive said:

"To lower our voices would be a simple thing."

"America," he said, "has suffered from a fever of words: From inflated rhetoric that promises more than it can possibly deliver; from angry rhetoric that fans discontent into hatreds; from bombastic rhetoric that postures instead of persuading."

It was a low key inaugural address..."Promising only what we can produce.

Delivered in a low key manner, nine times Nixon was interrupted by applause but never for any prolonged period.

There was a deliberate avoidance of sloganeering in the inaugural address. No attempt was made to launch a label for the Nixon administration as his predecessors had in the past generation from the "New Deal" of Roosevelt to the "Great Crusade" of Eisenhower and the "Great Society" of Johnson.

* * *

But there was a slogan nevertheless. Nixon seemed to speak with the greatest drive when he said: "For all of our people, we will set as our goal the decent order."

And the "decent order" seemed to be the label Nixon was seeking for his administration.

Nixon's version of a "decent order" is one in which it isn't necessary for the people to shout for government to listen:

"We will strive to listen in new ways to the voice of quiet anguish, to voices that speak without words."

His decent order would have the nation "listen to the better angels of our nature". When we do, he added, we:

"Celebrate the simple things, and the basic things -- such as goodness, decency, love, kindness."

There was no hint of the programs Nixon would propose...inaugural addresses very seldom get behind the broad outlines of a president's philosophy.

But clearly it is not in Nixon's mind to dismantle the welfare state programs established by his Democratic predecessors. While not promising new goals beyond the "decent order" he suggested, the new President pledged to "press urgently forward" with the nation's goals of "full employment, better housing, excellence in education, in rebuilding our cities and improving our rural areas."

The inaugural speech set a clear middle-of-the-road path for America. "We are approaching the limits of what government alone can do," he said. "Our greatest need now is to reach beyond government, to enlist the legions of concerned and the committed."

While there was no direct mention of Viet Nam, it was clear that Viet Nam was very much of the new President's mind as he pledged to consecrate the President's office to the cause of peace.

MEXICO PRESSURES CASTRO TO STOP PLANE HIJACKINGS

(By United Press International)

Mexico is moving against one of today's thorniest problems...the hijacking to Communist Cuba of scheduled airliners. The move involves application of pressure on Fidel Castro to discourage would-be hijackers.

The Mexican Government has asked Cuba to return two accused airplane hijackers to face prosecution in Mexico. The Mexicans believe that stiff jail sentences of up to 40 years might deter further such actions by those wishing for one reason or another to escape to Havana.

Mexico is the one Latin American nation still having diplomatic relations with Cuba. A 1925 extradition treaty between the two countries is still considered valid.

The Mexicans thus are taking over a leading role in trying to halt a situation which has caused mounting concern among major U.S. airlines. Eight airliners have been taken over by air pirates and flown to Cuba so far this year. There were 21 such hijackings last year.

The International Air Transport Association which represents more than 100 airlines has called on the United Nations to declare hijacking comparable to piracy and genocide.

Other representations have been made to the U.S. State Department.

So far the Mexican request to Cuba has met only silence. Strong pressures are being brought on the Mexican government by the Mexican pilots union. The pilots say they are afraid that sooner or later there is going to be violence aboard a hijacked plane and their lives are in danger.

(Continued on page 6)

A PROFILE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

(By United Press International)

Spiro Theodore Agnew has reached a new plateau in his meteoric rise in politics.

Until a little more than two years ago, he had held no public office higher than county executive. Today, he's Vice-President of the United States.

In 1966, Ted Agnew was elected governor of Maryland. Last August, to the surprise of Agnew and just about everyone else, he was chosen by Richard Nixon to be his running mate.

The tall, genial governor attracted far more attention during the campaign than Vice-Preisidential candidates usually get. He reaped heavy harvests of headlines for several remarks. He referred to a Japanese reporter as "the fat Jap" on one occasion, used the term "Polack" for Americans of Polish descent on another and once said, "When you've seen one slum, you've seen 'em all."

Agnew felt that he was unfairly criticized for these remarks. All were made, he said, in jocular vein. He pointed out that he, of all people, would not intentionally offend the feelings of ethnic minorities.

The son of a Greek immigrant who changed the family name from Anagnostopoulous to Agnew after settling in Baltimore, Agnew is the first American of Greek ancestry to be elected Vice-President.

* * *

Agnew was born in Baltimore November 9th, 1918. He attended public schools and Johns Hopkins University, where he studied chemistry for three years before switching to law. He received his law degree from the University of Baltimore in 1947, after serving during World War II as a company commander with the 10th Armored Division in the European Theater.

After 10 years in private law practice, he broke into politics in 1957 as a member of the Baltimore County Board, handling appeals from zoning decisions. In 1961, he was elected county executive, or over-all administrator of the populous county.

In 1966, with Democrats deserting their own party ticket in droves, Agnew was elected governor. As governor, he worked to improve Maryland's highways and waterways, strengthen local government, and curb crime.

He won plaudits from Negroes and white liberals for sponsoring the first statewide fair housing bill enacted south of the Mason-Dixon Line. But he later got into a row with the same groups for sharply criticizing Negroes involved in ghetto riots.

Agnew is an Episcopalian, an avid golfer, and a fan of the Baltimore Colts and the Baltimore Orioles. He has been married since 1942. He and his wife Judy have four children and one grandchild.

MEXICO PRESSURES CASTRO TO STOP PLANE HIJACKINGS

(Continued from Page 5)

No action ever has been taken against hijackers. They simply leave the plane in Havana and, presumably, remain there out of reach of authorities of the United States or other countries. This apparently is leading would-be hijackers to believe they run no risk of punishment.

Mexico has made it clear repeatedly that it has little sympathy with the Castro regime. But it has kept open the line to Havana for several reasons. One is that maintenance of relations with the Cuban Communists is a sop to Mexico's own Leftists.

It also keeps open a channel for non-Communist nations, such as obtaining the release of American citizens held prisoner in Cuba in which Mexico played a prominent role a year ago.

Mexico's unique position makes it possible also for the Mexicans to apply certain pressures on the Cubans. It could create problems for travelers from Cuba or leaving for Cuba...for Cuban ships loading at Mexican ports...and for the Cuban government airline flights to Mexico City. Also for Cuba's use of Mexico City as a way station for trainee supervisors from other Latin American nations and as a relay point for Castro propaganda to other Latin countries.

SECOND BROTHER WANTED IN SLAYING TURNS SELF IN

LOS ANGELES, (UPI) - The second of two brothers wanted in the murders of two Black Panthers on the University of California campus at Los Angeles turned himself in yesterday. Police continued their search for two other men. A Black Panther spokesman said his group had given police information about the brothers and the two other men. The brothers in custody have been identified as members of a Negro militant group involved in a dispute over appointment of a director for a proposed Afro-American studies center at the school.